VLEM DOUBMAL



ARTISTS USING SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

NOTICE TO OUR READERS

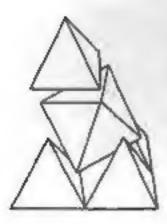
Late in 1985 the Yiem Board of Directors decided to switch from publishing a bimonthly newsletter to instead, a monthly Calendar YLEM JOURNAL will alternate with an YLEM spread in Metier magazine.

Your morthly Ylem Calendar will keep you informed of current events and opportunities; the Journal will provide in-depth reviews, srticles, and profiles—particularly profiles of the work and thought of Ylem members.

If you are not yet a member, or heven't renewed, see the "About Yiem" notes and membership form on the back pages.

Best Wishes.

Fred Sitt, Editor



COVER: "Me and My Shadow" Neon and glass sculpture by BEVERLY REISER

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This journal is published quarterly and distributed to members of YLEM.

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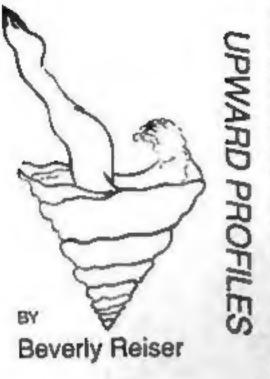
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Severty Relear, Contributing Editor

Contributions are most welcome. Drawings, graphic pieces, photos; explanations; submissions to Opportunities, Random Access, or Calender; short book reviews or articles are also sought.



Theme poster fractal design for Fifth Annual Pacific Northwest Computer Graphics Conference APPLICATIONS ON THE LEADING EDGE (Fall, 1986)
Designers: Alan Hartman, Richard Koch, Rodney Sitton



LIGHTS ON: SELF-ILLUMINATED SCULPTURE AT THE WALNUT CREEK CIVIC ARTS GALLERY

The month of May, 1987, will see a show at the Walnut Creek Civic Arts. Gallery titled, "Lights Onl: Sell-Illuminated Sculpture". Each of the eight artists creates sculptures from light-emitting media such as neon, video screens or computerized light eysterns. Their work also charge the trait of being "lunetic", that is, changing in time. However, unlike an earlier kinetic movement, the work has no moving parts; It is simply the light that changes (brightens, dims, or changes hue). In fact, the sense of change or movement is achieved not by mechanical means but by electronic. Light emission and kineticism aside. The aesthetic intent of the artists varies from the apocalyptic to the meditativepassing playful along the way.

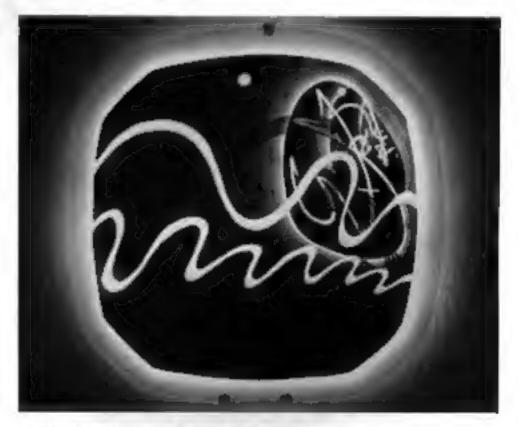
The Walnut Creek Civic Arts Gallery is located at 1641 Locust in Walnut Creek. The opening reception is April 29, 1987; for more information call (415) 943-5864.

Milton Komisar achieves the effect of a 3-dimensional drawing in light by constructing an elaborate network of acrylic rods and hidden light switches. The light from hidden bulbs travels through the acrylic rods creating lines of light suspended in space. The lights are computer programmed to go "on" and "off" and change color, thereby creating an animated sculpture. While the sculpture passes through its seemingly endless sequences, the viewer is sometimes reminded of skeletal structures in nature or perhaps of the structure of the Universe itself.

Lee Roy Champagne has created a series of installation pieces called
"Chapel Champagne, Shrine of Latter-Day Neon Nuanced Naivete". The Individual room-sized works are referred to as "Alters" and, Indeed, have an alter-like presence. Reminding us that art did originate es a magical religious ceremony, Lee Roy Champagne proceeds to hold up the mirror to contemporary secular society, asking us if we like what we see.

Neon light is diffused through sandblasted glass and mirror in Beverly Reiser's wall pieces. The various colors of neon light wash into each other causing the glass to glow with soft gradations of color. There is a fluid quality to the compositions that is reminiscent of Oriental brush painting. Electronic circuitry controls the brightness, causing each color of neon to change brightness in different time cycles. This creates the impression of an infinitely changing mir of colors.

At least one video screen is employed in each of Alan Rath's video sculptures. Displayed on the screens are changing images, usually close-ups of human body parts - blinking, throbbing, opening or closing. The electronic components of the pieces are deliberately left exposed to the viewer to call attention to the nature



"View from the Portal" by Beverly Reiser



"Voyeur" by Alan Rath

of the media producing the imagery, and to the media as imagery. They also seem to produce to a greater awareness of the changing nature of our new tools.

Alan Marshall refers to the nequencing of his neon sculptures as choreography. A chorus of vertical neon tubes of verying degrees of brightness, causes the viewer's locus to shift as it follows the brightest tube. The constantly moving brightness of the light creates a sense of fluid movement and exchange between groups of hibes of light.

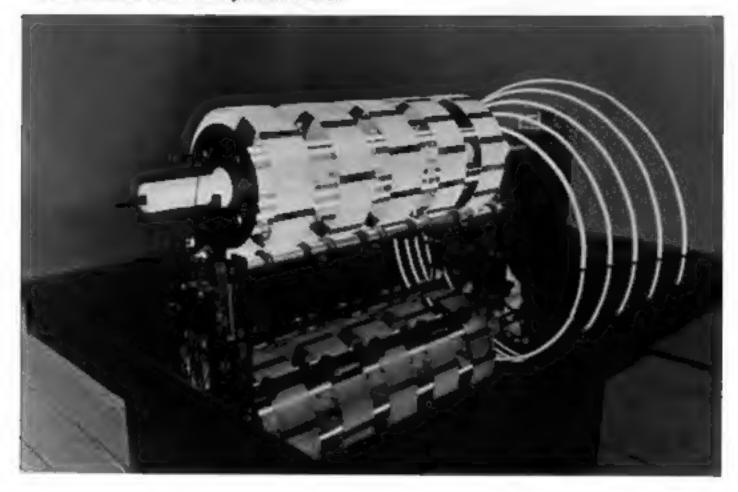
Larry Albright combines his own inventions using ionzed gases and electronic circuitry with the best qualities of old-time electrical machines. They seem to be made in the spirit of objects once lavishly built as demonstration apparatus of the "Marvels of Nature" and convey

an innocent sense of wonder and magic.

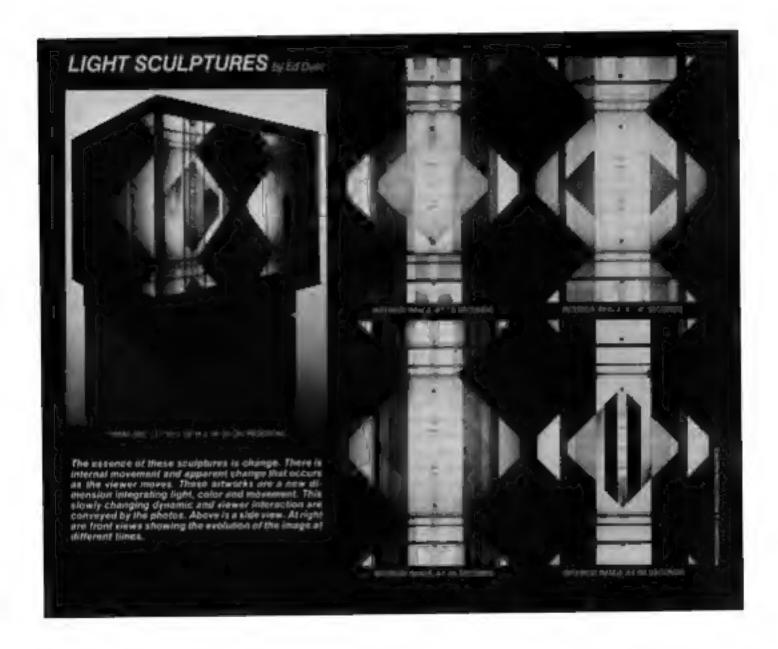
Ed Duin uses the capacity of light to be broken up into its constituent colors by reflecting it off polarized surfaces. These polarized surfaces are arranged inside a light box about the size of a small TV. As the viewer moves, or the surface in the box moves in relationship to the viewer, the color of the surface appears to change — thus achieving a kinetic color composition.

Ken Harrick constructs kinetic neon sculpture. Using special circuitry invented by him, many of his neon works appear to have glowing bubbles of neon gas traveling backwards or forwards, or both, within each tube. In some cases, the glowing bubbles increase their speed on cue from a sensor which has detected the viewer's presence or movement. The "agitated" behavior appears to be in response to the viewer.

"The Luminous Erototron" by Alan Marshall



LIGHTS ONI: SELF-ILLUMINATED SCULPTURE by Milton Komisar, Lee Roy Champagne, Beverly Reiser, Alan Rath, Alan Marshall, Larry Albright, Ed Duin, Ken Herrick. April 30-May 31. Walnut Creek Civic Arts Gallery. Info: (415) 943-5864. Opening, Wednesday April 29th.



SHOOTING STARS GUILLERMO TROTTI

By Maeve Slavin



Guillermo Trotti arrived in Houston from Argentina in June 1969. A month later, Neil Armstrong took his historic "giant step". Trotti, who had enrolled at the University of Houston's College of Architecture, considers the event as a personally auspicious omen. "This was my big awakening to space," he says. As an undergraduate thesis, with fellow student John Dossey, in 1974 he presented plans and an elaborately documented scenario for a tuner colony called Counterpoint.

The project was supported by NASA and funded by the Houston Endowment. Buckminster Fuller shared his incomparable wisdom and knowledge as a godfatherly design critic. Models and drawings of Counterpoint were displayed at the University, the Museum of Natural Science and the Johnson Space Center in Houston, and were later exhibited at the Air & Space Museum in Washington, D.C. as part of the Smithsonian's bicenternial calebration. Counterpoint triumphantly launched Trotti's

career, placing him in the vanguard of architects who have seized the opportunity to pioneer man's future outside the domain of Spaceship Earth.

Counterpoint is imagined in the St. George Crater, the landing site of Apollo 15. From a skeletal crew of 15-20, it will eventually house a colony of some 200. Colonists and materials will be transported to the moon in three transit phases. Space shuttles will carry them on the first leg of the journey to Earth orbit. A funar transport vehicle (LTV) will then move them to lunar orbit. Lunar lugs will dock with the LTV and transfer passengers and cargo to Counterpoint's landing pads.

Upon completion, which is estimated to take ten years, the base will consist of: three landing pads for space vehicles; above and below grade hangar and repair areas for space craft, a refinery and casting complex; power unit; food production and processing areas including terms for high protein plants and animals; a civic center for recreational, dining, religious and administrative activities; living quarters; and a laboratory.

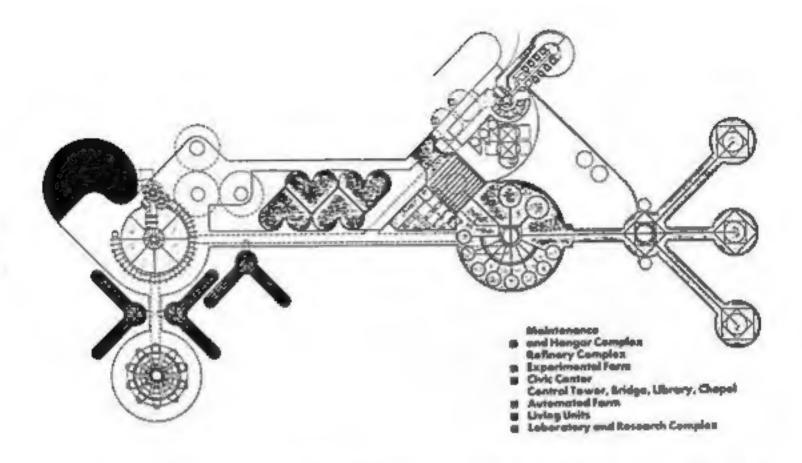
Mining and processing lunar minerals believed to exist in comparative abundance close to the base site will make self-sufficiency leasible. From these resources a refinery will derive oxygen, water and building materials by electrolysis, catalytic cracking and smelting. Lunar basalt will be melted and cast to shape in the casting area. Tanks for storing fuel and chemicals will be faced with solar collectors to supplement energy production.

Power will be supplied by a nuclear reactor capable of producing 10,000 lowh of electricity. Using a heat exchanger coupled with a generator, this power unit will provide energy for oxygen (Ne support) systems, machinery necessary for ancillary functions and metals processing. An adjacent chemical miner will produce water and other compounds. A fully automated Modular Integrated Utility System (MIUS) will manage the dispensation of power, water, atmosphere and weste for the colony.

An automated two-acre scybean tarm will provide the staple lood crop which will be supplemented by the produce of experimental farms where animals (chickens, goats and fish) and plants will be raised. Crops will be grown in soil trays equipped with plumbing which allows for recycling of water and nutrients.

Colonists are expected to remain at Counterpoint for periods of a year of longer. Therefore psychological problems caused by isolation from Earth's familiar stimulus and consolation must be articipated and precluded. The multi-level Civic Center will provide the social interaction necessary for recharging the intellectual, spiritual, artistic, and physical batteries. There will be ewimming pools, dining facilities, a theatre, lountains and places for lunar sporting events. A hologram sky will project images of earth on a semi-transparent dome. Since the lunar day lasts for 3543 hours with nights of similar duration, features will be programed into the Civic Center to produce shorter spans of light and darkness, cool and warmth. with humidity variations.

The central control tower thrusts through the dome of the Civic Center. In the bridge of the lower is the operational and administrative area which contains the computers controlling all life support functions of Counterpoint. Chapel and library pods will be suspended from a shorter tower standing outside the perimeter of the Center's dome.



Right: View of the approach to Counterpoint. Laboratory building in the background.

Far right: Counterpoint's Civic Center. Chapel and Library pods are linked by bridge to the Control Tower.





Sinuctural systems and life enhancing factors explored in Counterpoint have become part of NASA'S date base for preliminary studies of lunar communities. Through the University of Houston's Environmental Center, Trotti and his colleague tlamy Bell continue research in lunar architecture. Part of this work focuses on habitability

studies for space stations. Their conceptual design of a 100-person space station is premised on the principle of humanistic values. They are among the first architects in NASA'S engineer-driven programs.

They and others who invent the future can be sustained by Buckminster Fuller's epilogue to Counterpoint. Urging solutions so simple that everyone will say "anybody could design that," Bucky wrote, "And they will never know what you went through—how much God went through before evolving his hydrogen atoms and blades of grass and eggs."

SHOOTING STARS LEBBEUS WOODS

by Maeve Slavin



Although Lebbeus Woods designed his Epicyclanum for Earth, like Michael Kalif he rests his thesis on the new physics. Contemporary scientists such as Stephen Hawlung can now describe the Universe as a unified field of energy and matter. The advances of this research inexorably lead to voyaging far beyond the biosphere of Planet Earth. On Earth Isolf, an equally challenging adventure is projected. The quest for the Holy Grail of art, science and the humanities that has long fascinated the visionary.

Drawing upon physics, cosmology and electronic technology affect to the discipline of architecture, Woods proposes the establishment of a Center in which a synthesis of the entire field of knowledge can occur, leading to a comprehensive understanding of the Universe. The freedom to imagine such a possibility devolves essentially from quantum mechanical theories with their revolutionary principle of

probability. As an architect, Woods contributes an aesthetic that expresses a spirit of harmony and the new unity of form, idea and experience.

Woods explains the Epicyclanum as a structure composed of "simple forms and spaces which house the instruments of an advanced electronics technology, and the staff of creative scientists necessary to galher a vast and diverse body of knowledge." These highly trained specialists will assess this information and translate if into a two-dimensional "global image." In the darkness of the inner chamber, a 30-lool disc suspended above the floor continuously flashes tresh data which are gathered and led to computers programmed to synthesize them into constantly changing configurations of fight and color. The resulting data are timultaneously transmitted by microwave and satellite to receivers around the globe, thus creating a state-of-the-planet projection serving a range of cultural purposes. The sum of the information is believed to be so richly diverse that much of it is yet to be fully understood

The Epicyclarium plan follows a Imparite organization. A subchamber below grade contains equipment, workshop and laboratory space. The Lower Chamber is the receiving and observation area for the study of the image plate from below. Woods describes the Upper Chamber as "a theatre for procedures relating to the evolution of the image."

Woods envisions the use of basic construction materials which he considers appropriate to the spirit and activity of the Epicyclarium. Intentionally these metals and concrete will contrast dramatically with the high tech and cybernetic complexity of the instruments and

their function. The materials derive from the earth. In Woods' structure they are handled to the full extent of their inherent integrity. The concrete forms of the lower levels stand firmly on the earth, while the metal-sheathed dome "reflects the gotden radiance of the Sun, Earth's source of the."

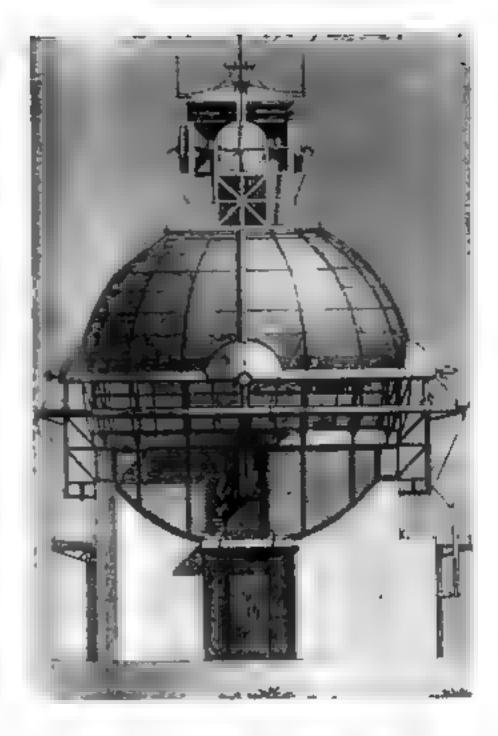
Woods works in traditional geometric forms but manipulates cube and sphere with sophisticated ease. Symbolism is generated with particular intensity where the sphere and the cube intersect at the level of the image plate, recalling the relationship between "the separate realms of earth and sky, the material and abstract, the visible and invisible, and their mutual source in the seamless tabric of nature."

The project, although thoroughly documented and, in fact, already exhibited in New York at the Storefront for Art and Architecture, is still in the development stage. Woods, nevertheless, is firm that Tele-communications, computer theories, and technology anticipated along the lines of current research will be employed. Microchip design and manufacture. for example, will soon allow even more extreme miniaturization of the cells forming the image plate. producing a telescoping matrix of cells within cells resulting in a continuous image of great visual sublicty."

Until the completion of the Epicyclarium, and the beginning of its operations within the next decade. Woods can only speculate about the precise nature and form of the global image it will project. He notes: "The breadth and depth of contemporary knowledge of which the image will be composed is unprecedented, and it can be expected that forms of an entirely new order and content will emerge." production of a contemporary global image will confirm ancient conceptions of the world. Archetypes known to earlier civilizations may appear. The image may be of landscapes and ligures finked by either new or existing mythological schemes. If can even be imagined that a hossic projection may evolve amounting to the many taces of God."

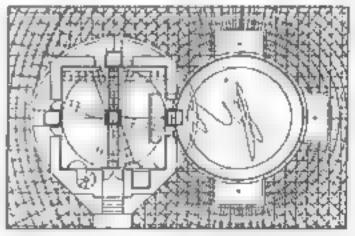
As the inventor and designer of the project. Woods believes, however that "it is most likely that the electronically stimulated image plate will produce an abstract trafeldoscope of immense complexity, a cybernetic expression of the forces of change that move invisibly within the events comprising time and space."

Woods Eplcyclarium dares to confront the outer boundaries of architectonic skills, reaching lowerd on idealized role for designers as the prophets of the new reality proposed by physicists. Einstein reminded us that "God does not play dice with the Universe." In the holism of Woods' vision lies, perhaps, the due to profound knowledge which will confirm Einstein's insight.



Upper right: Epicyclarium elevation drawn in pencil and paster by Lebbeus Woods indicates relationship with earth and sky

Lower right. Complex geometry is explored in the interior plan which shows upper and lower chambers linked by rotating stairs.



SHOOTING STARS MICHAEL KALIL

by Maeve Slavin



in May 1984 Intenors, published a breakthrough project by Michael Keld, his prototype for a communications center applicable for earth or for orbs in apace. Response to this interplay of primal geometry and glamontal symbols continues to be the highest recorded in the magazine's opposing reader resistor survey. Kalife sereng room, informed by & symbiosis of acience and myslicism stripped down to the essence of proportion and scale, signifies a new direction for design, fresh vocabularies, and a mind-set as open to innovation as the Universe theath.

A new Ironter lies in the vast unchanced regions of the Universe beyond the boundaries of Earth's biosphere. Penetration of this Emittess expanse offers opportunity adventure and hope to the people of the Earth. Excitement about the evolutionary possibilities inherent in space voyaging is sometimes mitigated by the strister implication of their association with Star Wars budgets. But as Buckminster Futler taught us, mittary funding his made.

possible many of the scientific, medical and technological advances of this century. Thus, for example, refrigeration plants were developed for the old Dreadhoughts, the wrist watch for the tank commanders of World War I, and wonder drugs like pencitin and techniques like laser surgery and nuclear medicine accrued from return on investment in detense programs.

The reality is that in the next decade. people will be living and working in space stations, early in the next century a funar day will be inconstruction. The space shuttle will be used like a truck or a freght elevator to move people materials and goods to and from points in outer space. The challenge for designers is immunse as "space planning" takes on new connotations just 15 years before the dawn of the third millenium Michael Kale Lebbeus Woods and Guitarmo Frotti are three visionaries who have crasped the new realty. and who energize the definition of a new cosmology

developed an architectural thesis for that new reality which they call quantum architecture. The term, with semiotic reference to quantum physics, is used metaphorically to reestablish meaning and value in architecture. Their research forms the data base for shirtles leading to the design of the habitation module in NASA'S space-station project.

Kak and Gardner postulate that the primary issue in constructing a permanently-inhabited space station, is to establish the retationship of individual and Place in Architecture

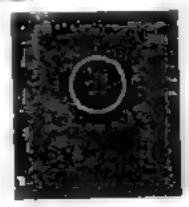
The projected step from Earth to this station has created a new rotationship between Individual and Place. No longer is Place limited to the Earth and its biosphere. Just as

astourding is the realization that although the station will be located in the earth's solar system, recent space discoveries expand our potential even beyond that system Katil and Gardner believe that this leap in conceptual as well as physical place has moved humanny into a new phase of biological evolution

The fundamental properties and behavior of Individual and Place in Interplanetary Space examplify the basis of that phase. Man's Earth-origins remain with him as earth, sir fire and water. Zero-gravity possions the individual in neutral body posture. Expressed geometrically as a sphere, this position is the seed from which an architecture for Space will grow organizatly as a visual ocholol individual and Place.

This proposition approps from their understanding of the evolutionary relationship of Individual and Place to Architecture. Their basic pramisu is the fundamental unity of the Universe. They rater to this unity at the substitute level as the neutral vibratory field. They conclude that post-Einsteinlan science is moving toward a united conception of the Universe. This datum holds true of quantum physics, astrophysics, Jungan psychology, neuro-science, ecology, and biology.

To demonstrate this evolutionary retationship they devolop seven moreon



 Here the properties and behavior of the underlying neutral

vibratory held are flustrated.
Theoretical physicist David Bohm has analyzed this held as having an order which he describes as an enfolded one. The physical world unfolds from the united held in such 8 way that seemingly independent parts are still actually interconnected.



 Here Desire unfolds the neutral vioratory field. The character elements of tile courth, for tire and water) emerge, forming the seed from which organic life will grow.



3 These elements have combined to form Planet Earth within the Universe. The planet establishes the Architecture from which human life evolves as an intrinsic part of this living organism.



 The image depicts an individual, who decoming cognizant aligns.

the living organism of the earth and its total system. The act of decision springs from the resonance of tive energy holds.

Desire directs the person lowerds light

Light inspires him upward through gravity

Gravity maintains his Earth ongurs.

Origina establish vision

Vision aligns the individual to his.
Universe

Based on the research of Karl Pehram Stanford Professor of Neuroscience Man's conscious alignment can be understood as a proportional arrangement of the Neutral vibratory held. Our physical bodies receive vibrations from the held and transform them into our everyday really by ordering them. proportionally. The relationship between the physical world and the neutral vibratory field is similar to that of the part of a hologram to the whole. The partican reconstruct the entire image. Each part unfolds from the neutral vibratory beld so it still Contains the underlying order of the whole. A consequence is that the

whole determines the behavior and properties of relatively independent behaving parts such as individual



5. This image depicts the individual who, recognizing his hologrammic relationship to the earth and its solar system, symbolized & by inventing geometry as a visual scho of ordered proportion. The resonance of gravity on the individual and the horizontal alignment of his eyes, isolates a segment of the earth's surface as the initial floor plane to his architecture. Embracing this relationship, he constructs that architecture as an embodiment of geometry and an organic delebration of his place within the Universal.



6. Having investigated the laws of the physical world, the Individual elaborates geometry and architecture mechanistically. Through the energy of Destre he reaches the edge of the Earth's biosphere. His Universe expands beyond the Earth's solar system.



7 New the individual moves life interplanetary Space. His Earth-origins remain with him as his biological necessity for earth, air fire and water. Zero-gravity positions him in a neutral body position. This becomes the seed for the next phase of biological evolution in which his architecture will be a visual echo of the properties and behavior of individual and Place, a reflection of the order of the underlying neutral vibratory field, and an organic response within a Universe that is a

single living organism.

To guide the formation of a quantum architecture. Kalil and Gardner (ment four principles.

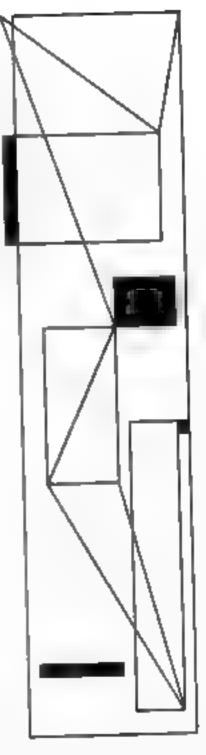
Desire activates the neutral vibratory field toward proportional arrangements

Proportional arrangements of the

properties and behavior of Individual

Resonance of individual and Place orders vibratory properties and behavior of proportional arrangements from the activated held loward their Visual Echo, which is Architecture.

The theory of quantum architecture sparks an expansion of consciousness which confirms the individual's invale sense of unity with the Universe. Architecture is shown to be a fundamental engracteristic of the individual as he recognizes his place in the dynamics.



Plotter drawing by Josepha Haveman

THE NEW TECHNOLOGY ART IN AMERICA SERIES

New and uncommon technologies are playing an increasingly vital role in the line arts, the potentials and limitations of these technologies help shape both the artist's vision and the way that vision is expressed.

This series of exhibitions will showcase some of the technologies being used today by visual artists throughout the United States Exhibitions will range from works based on unusual paints and lighting techniques, to the latest breakthroughs in computer and electronic an

As a public relations agency in the area of technology, communication. High-Tech-with the support of actists, an galleries, art consultants, and curators nationwide--is an appropriate venue for this display of the growing purpership between art and technology.

Hi-Tech Public Retailons, Inc. San Francisco, will exhibit the work of seven Bay Area arists who have substituted computer technology for paintbrush, chisel, and loom

The exhibit is the second in Hillech's "New Technology Art its America" series, and will feature the art of Susan Brown, Denne Cohen, Eduardo Gutekunst, Josepha Havemah, C. William Henderson Trudy Myhm Reagan, and Jeffrey Sulfy. It can be viewed Monday through Enday, May 4 - July 31, 10 a m - 5 p m.

The exhibit demonstrates how artists can apply their skills to the new electronic medium.

Sesan Brown uses her stuts as a weaver to create intricate labric-like designs. Brown akelches her patterns, transposes them onto graph paper, then translates the sheet into a matrix of code numbers. This becomes the basis for a

FORTRAN program she has written, running on a CDC 844 computer and outputting to a 4-peri Nicolet plotter.

Donna Cohen produces her work using Easel software on a CompuPro computer with Digital Graphics CAT 800 frame buffers The images are reproduced on Cloachrome ten by a Rembrandt 3500C camera.

Eduardo Gulekunst uses the Quartel Paintbox and Ampez paint systems to create intincate works that blend abstraction and sensitivity to Nature

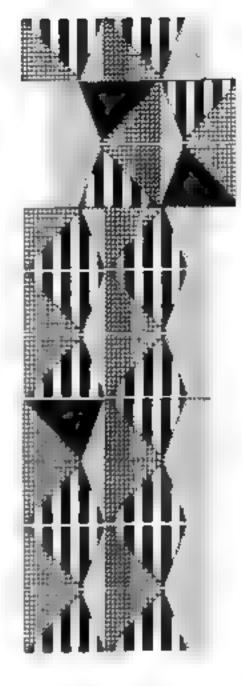
Josepha Haveman explores the problems of structure and form, creating spatial flusion with the use of a few lines and colors. Hers is a PC-based system running Easel software. Hardcopy is produced by inkiect color printer.

C. Witham Henderson begins with abstract, black-and-white photographs. He dignizes them into the computer where they appear as 64 levels of greyscale. He then manipulates them and remaps the grey tones into color using the Lumena paint system. Color output is produced by a Xerox C-150 initial exercise.

Trudy Mylvit Reagan, the founder of YLEM, shapes shiburi paper into

of the Earth's crust. She then scans these into a Via Video System One computer and uses UltraPaint software to color-enhance the images. Her output is to 35mm color sides and Cibachrome pinals.

Jeffrey Suity's computer art derives an part from his expenence with painting and sculpture. He uses a Lumena Studio System which includes an IBM XT compatible computer monochrome and RGB montor, and Lumena/8 software.



Ink-jet print by Josepha Haveman

He hand-colors Gibachrome prints with special markers to achieve added richness. His Tech Public Relations, Inc. specializes in technology communications. The agency undertook the "New Technology Art in America" series to show how new technologies are influencing the line arts.

INFO: Dare Michos, Curator Dare to Collect, (415) 851-0426

SYNOPSIS-JANUARY FORUM



MATH PATTERNS, NATURE'S PATTERNS

by Gartrude Myhrr Reagan



in a thickly wooded area of Mento Park, the Victorian mansion of Personala School was the setting for the January Ylem Forum. As is our tradition, we brought art to share, and it filled the walls. Wires from sudlo-visual equipment covered the stage. And math models, colored paper and bobby pins (bobby pine??) Illed the tables.

Some tolks get high on 3-0, some on snimation, some on light. This audience was here for a math high. Since these math kicks don't translate into helograms, computer videos, or neon sculptures, not many people are aware that such people exist in Ylem. Yet they do form an active international constituency of the club.

GREAT CIRCLE SPHERES

Bobby pins were first on the program, part of the demonstration of Bucky Fulters great-circle geometry. Fuller's work is but one set of geometric ideas that Mary Laycock teaches to gitted children at Nueva Learning Center in Hillsborough using math manipulatives.

Here, Laycock showed how to make

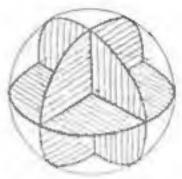
bowties. She chose to do one intermediate in difficulty between the two in her book, "Bucky for Beginners". I was doubtful that 35 of us could assemble something this confounding in 20 minutes, but low circles and twelve bobby pins later, we all had 35 open-work balls with six square faces and eight triangular ones.

Looked at another way, (see Sustration), the project gives the appearance of being made of four intersecting circles. Laycock received Fuller's personal permission to use his bowtie idea in her teaching, as it turned out, only two weeks before his death.

The same idea can be used to make much more complicated models, such as the large globe of downle at the exploratorium. Laycock herself had made some tantastically intricate ones as large as soccer balls. "That's how I spend my Hawaian vacations".

RAPHAEL AND MATHEMATICS

The next presentation by Stanley Coner, was as theoretical as Laycock's had been tangible. One painting sufficed to show the high regard the Renaissance artists had for philosophy. It was Raphael's



including Pythagoras) converse in an airy editice as lofty as St. Peter's. The arched design Raphael used was, in fact, Bramante's original design for that building. Hidden praciples govern Raphael's division of space and placement of the figures.

Deep in discussion, the philosophers point to diagrams such as the numerical values of musical intervals discovered by Pythagoras Raphael used "ideal proportions" lo tay out the composition 12, 2.3. 3:4, and the Golden Mean (the fallo. 1:1.518), proportions from the work of Leone Battista Alberti who had studied Greek treatises and architectural ruins 75 years before (1440). Alberti had derived Visuali ratios from the musical intervals! "In the Renussance", said Colles, The greatest philosophers were artists". Their theories were Pythagorean, their cospmology was of "God the Geometric", whose understanding would come from examining the natural world.

When asked about his "Mathematics and Culture" course at Foothill College, he said sadly, "The demand has been for only practical courses since about 1983",

Three of them were open in the center, which made them unlikely candidates. Others were pyramids and irregular seven-sided shapes with non-standard engles. Still others, semi-regular polygons. Which to eliminate? "To tell the fruth, they all IIII space." The pyramids proved to be one-loudh parts of a cube, and two seven-sided objects were one cube cut on the diagonal, in an odd way. "If you chop oil these projections on the Iruncated octahedron here, and pull them over here, you get a cube as

well." On the other hand, the rhombic dodecahedron stacked up in 30-60 degree angles.

Each of the models that were vacent in the center had faces that came off. In this way he could insert and neatly nest identical ones at various angles to fill the central hole. A 3-D chain! Relentless growth! His pride and joy was one that he himself had inverted in this genre.

How mathematics relates to patterns in nature was only hinted at on this occasion by the crystallographers. Much more could be demonstrated, both with computer models and natural specimens. It is an important subject for artists. For a century, photography has made the manual ability to capture the surface appearance of nature superfluous. But revealing the hidden structure of what we see, "seeing pattern" behind the surface and within the object is the role of the artist in the mathematician and the mathematician in the artist.



"ISTHMUS" by Gertrude Mythr Reagan

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Spring/1987

YLEM

WHAT IS YLEM?

By Fred Stitt

Simple. "Years' is the primordial stuff from which the universe was created. (Pronounce it "Eye-lum" and you've got it.)

it's also a thriving organization of artists and art lovers who are enamored of science and technology.

That particularly means artists who work with video, ionized gases, computers, tesers, holograms, and other non-traditional media.

It also includes artists who use traditional media but who are inspired by the images, structures, and growth geometries of crystals, electromagnetic phenomenon, and biological self-replication.

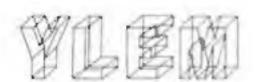
The Year organization helps keep members informed of opportunities to show their work in upcoming exhibits, competitions, conferences.

etc. If also publicizes and shows off members' work through its own publications and events. The active membership includes many well-known bay area figures in the arts and gallery world as well as collectors, educators, students, engineers, architects, and aciemists.

Diverse lecting-nesthetic interests are demonstrated quarterly at the YLEM FORUMS held atternately in San Francisco and on the Peninsula. They include presentations by practicing scientists who appreciate the aesthetic values within their disoplines and artists who anjoy the science and technology that underlies all art.

The Yiem Forums are hosted by Yiem founder Trudy Myrrk Reagan. Trudy almost single handedly nurtured and guided Yiem through the past few difficult formative years, providing a newsletter, field trips, arpansive networking among hundreds of Yiem members, and the always amazing Forums. Yiem also publishes a monthly Calendar - devoted to news of Forums, field trips, gallery openings, exhibits, presentations, parties, opportunities, and what-have-you.

Subscriptions to the Journal and the Calendar come with membership which costs \$20 per year (subscription only it \$15). You can join/subscribe or get a free sample of each by writing to Ylem, Box 749, Orinda, CA. \$4563. Or for more information, call the President of Ylem, well-known glass and neon arrest Beverly Reiser, (alternoons only) at (415) 462-2483



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